

**UNIT
3**

**Expansion of Russia and
Stagnation in East Asia**

Global Interconnections 6

Note: all of the following information in addition to your reading is important.

Chapter 5: The Russian Empire: From the Steppes to Siberia

- Describe the rise and initial expansion of Muscovy - _____

- Briefly discuss how Muscovy gained control of Siberia – _____

Stagnation of East Asia

- Describe the quote, *“those who do not, or cannot, adapt to changing conditions will become weaker, obsolete, or extinct”* - _____

- Utilize the Five Themes to briefly discuss why the Japanese had the means to establish overseas colonies (as the Europeans had):

Location	
Interaction (Human/Environment)	
Region	
Movement	
Place	

- Define: daimyo, and explain how they competed against each other during the Age of Warring States (1467-1568) - _____

- Briefly discuss how Japan unified under leaders such as Nobunaga and Hideyoshi - _____

Stagnation of East Asia (continued)

- Briefly discuss the rise of the Tokugawa shogunate, and how they suppressed dissent - _____

Briefly explain how and why the Japanese entered into an era of isolation for over two centuries - _____

End of the Road: Stagnation and Decline in the Islamic Empires

- Summarize why power shifted from the interior Muslim empires in Asia and Africa to the more coastal regions along the Atlantic and Indian Oceans starting in the sixteenth century - _____

Contrast ONE short and ONE long-term effect of the Ottoman [Liberation of Istanbul] - _____

- Describe the reach and power of the Ottoman Turks under the sultan Suleiman the Magnificent - _____

- Briefly discuss the religious toleration and treatment of women under the Ottoman Turks - _____

- Contrast the spread of Islam in Anatolia as compared with the spread of Islam in the Balkans - _____

- Define: devshirme (“gathering”), and explain why this practice lasted for around three centuries (mid-fourteenth to mid-seventeenth c.) - _____