

Unit 2

Western Christendom and the Impact of the Crusades

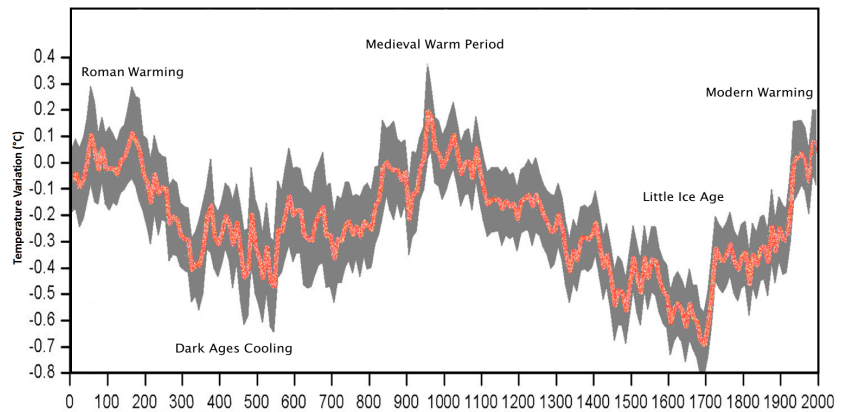
Increasing Interactions: Commerce and Clashes 5

Note: all of the following information in addition to your reading is important.

Chapter 4: Western Christendom

- Define: periphery and core, and briefly explain where Europe had largely been since the fall of Rome – _____

- Define: Medieval Warm Period, and describe how this helped stabilize Europe; describe ONE other stabilizing influence on Europe – _____



- Describe ONE positive and ONE negative associated with Europe's population and urban growth during the High Middle Ages – _____

- Briefly discuss how European statehood changed after 1000 C.E. – _____

- Describe how women's roles in Europe generally changed after 1000 C.E. - _____



Western Christendom (continued)

- Briefly discuss the events that led up to the start of the Crusades - _____
- Describe the types of people who fought in the Crusades, and briefly explain their motivations (include primogeniture and indulgence) - _____



- Describe the fabled Children's Crusade – _____
- Define: Reconquista, and describe TWO locations other than the Holy Land that were part of the Crusades – _____
- Briefly discuss the results of the Crusades in terms of uniting Western Europe, and weakening Eastern Europe – _____
- Briefly discuss the results of the Crusades in terms of increasing intraregional trade (e.g., Hanseatic League) and interregional trade – _____