

**Chapter  
9**

**Urbanization in the Global Core  
and the Wealthier Semi-Periphery**

**Urban Geography 4**

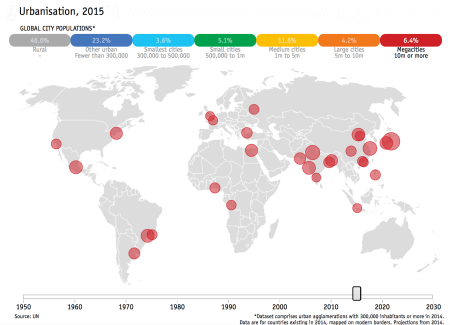
Note: all of the following information in addition to your reading is important.

**Defining Urban Areas by Size, Centrality, and Service Availability**

\* The following can be answered using both the text and videos

- Define: hamlet - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: village - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: town - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: city - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: metropolis, and give several examples - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: megacity, and give several examples - \_\_\_\_\_
- Where in the world are megacities growing the fastest? Why? - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: megalopolis, and give several examples - \_\_\_\_\_

- Where in the world are megalopolises emerging? Why? - \_\_\_\_\_



**Cities in the Global Core and Semi-Periphery**

- Define: basic sector - \_\_\_\_\_
- Define: non-basic sector - \_\_\_\_\_
- Discuss the economic base theory, and the multiplier effect - \_\_\_\_\_

**Cities in the Global Core and Semi-Periphery (continued)**

- Define: functional specialization, and give ONE example of a city that is known for a particular good or service - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Describe ONE city that has grown due to its proximity to a resource node – \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Describe ONE city that has grown due to its proximity to a transport node – \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Define: sprawl - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Describe the inner urban areas of most Canadian cities (as compared with the United States) – \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Explain why most Western European (and Canadian) cities are more compact than those in the U.S. – \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Define: greenbelt, and briefly discuss ONE positive and ONE negative impact of their development - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Define: multiculturalism, and briefly discuss ONE positive and ONE negative impact it has within a city - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Contrast the public housing policies between Brussels and Amsterdam in how ethnic neighborhoods are either created – or prevented - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Define: microdistrict - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Describe the constraint on urban development in many Eastern European cities - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Describe ONE positive and ONE negative aspect of many cities in East Asia – \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_